

THE METALS.

Silver, 52 1/2 per ounce.
Copper, 11 1/2 per pound; New York.
Lead, \$3.50 per 100 pounds; New York.
Tin, 12 1/2.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 6, 1876

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH: TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1902

WEATHER TODAY.

Forecast for Salt Lake.
Occasional Showers.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

ROBERTSON, REVEALS OF HIS BURDEN, IS IN GOOD SPIRITS

Declares That He Felt Better Yesterday Than He Has for a Year Past.

Cashier Dooly Meets His Former Paying Teller in a Room at the Knutsford.

THERE was a meeting between Alexander A. Robertson, paying teller, and John E. Dooly, cashier, of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s bank last evening. It was at the Knutsford hotel, where Robertson is comfortably quartered, in company with Detective George A. Sheets.

At 7:30, having been informed of Robertson's whereabouts, Mr. Dooly took the elevator and reached the room on the fourth floor.

"How are you, 'Rob'?" were the first words of the cashier as the two met in the room. "I'm glad to see you."

"How are you, Mr. Dooly?" replied Robertson.

They seated themselves and Mr. Dooly continued:

"I want to have a talk with you."

"I'll be pleased to see you and talk with you tomorrow," said Robertson.

"But tonight I do not think I'm in condition to say much."

This ended the conversation, so far as the pressing subject was concerned, and after some unimportant talk, Mr. Dooly left the hotel.

Robertson was taken to the Knutsford Sunday night by Detective Sheets, and he spent all of yesterday there in the latter's company. Councillman Davis was present a good part of the day. He conveyed messages and made himself useful to his friend in all ways.

Robertson in Good Spirits.

Robertson was in fine spirits last night. At 11 o'clock he told Detective Sheets that he had not felt better in a year. He had been relieved of a burden, the secret his mind had been carrying. Added to this relief were the encouraging words of friends and the knowledge that only sympathy existed for him among those who know him best.

During the evening he was visited by Attorney Joseph Lippman, but the case was not fully discussed, as Robertson was still in rather a nervous condition.

From what he has told his friends already, it is firmly believed by them that Robertson will be able to extricate himself from his unfortunate surroundings. It is practically certain, however, that the shortage will be between \$50,000 and \$50,000, as near as Robertson can judge, although Cashier Dooly insists that the figure will be nearer \$50,000.

The many friends of the paying teller are elated over the prospect of his vindication. There have been no steps towards prosecution as yet. No warrant is out and Robertson is not under arrest. The county attorney's office is waiting for the bank officials to determine the amount of the shortage and prefer a charge against the teller. Most likely it will be several days before any definite action is taken by them.

Change in His Condition.

The change in Robertson's mental condition since he was discovered Sunday noon has been complete. During the hours he spent with Detective Sheets in the attic of the Ferris home Sunday his demeanor was, comparatively, that of a wild man. He trembled in every fiber of his body. His night at the Knutsford was peaceful and he awoke yesterday morning greatly refreshed. Still he manifested great nervousness, and the floor, and when the morning papers were given to him he could read only two or three lines at a time, pausing to walk up and down the room. Not until last night did he seem to be in his normal condition.

An inspector of the Wells-Fargo company is on his way to Salt Lake from San Francisco. On checking on Robertson's accounts was done yesterday as it was the end of the month and the force in the city was unable to get out the monthly statements.

Chief of Police Paul last night said he wanted it distinctly understood that Robertson was not under arrest. "Robertson is in the council chamber at the time, and indicating Robertson's account seat, said the teller might as well be there as anywhere else, so far as the police department was concerned."

No Charge Against Him.

"There is no charge against Robertson," said Chief Paul. "He is a free man. There is no object in keeping him under cover. He is a short story, and he has been under, and the effects of his night out in the cold and wet. He is kept in privacy by his friends simply to regain his strength."

Chief Paul does not believe the shortage is as great as it has been put. There are persistent rumors that it will be over \$100,000, but that figure is based upon an exaggeration.

Assistant County Attorney Looft-bourne, when asked if steps had been taken by the authorities, replied:

"As soon as those at the bank settle upon the fact that there is a shortage, whoever is responsible for it will be prosecuted. We will be compelled to prosecute the person who is shown by the investigation to be guilty. Thus far there has been no warrant issued and no complaint made. Nobody has asked us to apprehend, arrest or prosecute any person in connection with the case. Until that is done we will not act."

Mr. Dooly is Silent.

Cashier Dooly sharply declined again yesterday to make any statement for publication concerning the internal affairs of the bank. When asked to tell

the name of the surety company which has indemnified the bank against loss on account of any defalcations which Robertson and Duke may be responsible for, he merely said the bonds were written in San Francisco. The same reply was given to the question as to how much the bank's employees are assured for.

From semi-official sources, however, it was learned that the Pacific Surety company, a California corporation which is officiated by some of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s San Francisco bank directors, is the name of the guaranty company which has assumed the risk of bonding the fidelity of its bank employees. One authority places the amount of Robertson's fidelity bond at \$10,000, and Duke's at the same amount. The bank's employees are insured every year.

According to agents of guaranty bond companies, it is not customary for such companies to take any interest whatever in prosecutions for defalcations where the amount of deficit is made good without loss to the assurers, but if the guarantors are required to pay a liability they invariably spare no money to bring a culprit to justice.

In this connection, it was whispered yesterday that there would never be any prosecution of Robertson or any of his associates in the bank at the instance of the Pacific Surety company.

Affairs at the Bank.

On account of yesterday being the last day of the month, the task of auditing the bank's books was not resumed after the day's business was entered. The last of the month banking had the right of way, and this work extended far into the night. There was another reason for postponing the auditing which has only commenced.

A representative of Wells, Fargo & Co. is on the way here from San Francisco, and is expected to arrive this morning. Whatever is done in the way of auditing will be under his direction, he will determine how thorough the investigation shall be and even Mr. Dooly, himself, will be under the examiner's orders.

It is said by persons who are in a position to furnish a few clues to finding the essential parts of some unpublished transactions in the local bank of Wells, Fargo & Co., that the juggling with the books concern principally old and steady accounts of individuals and corporations which carried large average balances. One authority was heard yesterday to mention some of the principal accounts which afforded opportunity for abstracting the cash and substituting fictitious memoranda representing money.

A telegram from W. S. Ferris, at whose home Robertson has lived for several years, states he will arrive here from Helena, Mont., tomorrow morning.

BITTER TOWARD GAMBLING.

Robertson Case Excites Deep Feeling Against Games of Chance.

Since the developments of the Robertson case the feeling of the public against gambling has become intense; more so, perhaps, than ever before in Salt Lake. It is generally conceded that Robertson's undoing was the result, directly or indirectly, of gambling, and the rapid spread of sympathy for him has been succeeded by the bitterest expressions against games of chance and those who operate them. One saloonkeeper, a brother Elk of Robertson, was proclaiming the fact yesterday that he would like to lead a procession driving every gambler out of the city.

"They are thieves," he declared, "more dishonest than the pickpocket or burglar. They lead a man to believe he has a chance, then skin him of every penny he can beg, steal or borrow. There are fifty poker rooms in this town. In any one of them, if a man sits down to a five-handed game, he has four playing against him. 'Brace' games are run here every day, if the truth were known, and this is largely the result of allowing games to run on the quiet in the open quarters, as it used to be on Commercial street. Just as long as this situation exists there will be cases like poor Robb. There's only one thing to do. Drive every gambler out of the city. I would gladly lead the mob."

Citizens generally are worked up to a state of indignation and it would require little persuasion to create a universal and violent war upon the evil.

DOOLY MEETS DUKE.

Two Bank Cashiers Were Together Sunday Night.

It developed yesterday that when Mr. Duke left his home after midnight Sunday night, it was to meet Cashier Dooly. It is related that both of these bank officials remained together in conference until the dawn of yesterday.

Mr. Duke was at his desk in the bank yesterday and last evening, and will continue at his post of duty.

Mr. Ferris, at whose home Robertson lives, and who is also the bank teller's associate in the fire insurance business, has wired that he will be back from Montana Thursday morning.

HIS VACANT SEAT.

One Member Failed to Respond to Rollcall in City Council.

A cruel reminder of Robertson's predicament was in evidence at every rollcall of votes in the city council last night. The seat which has been occupied so regularly the past four and a

(Continued on Page 2.)

SENATE NAMES PERRAULT'S SUCCESSOR

(Special to The Herald.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30.—A controversy which has been in progress during the present session of congress, relative to the removal of Joseph P. Perrault, was finally settled today, when the nomination of Ernest C. Baggeson to succeed Perrault, was confirmed by the senate. Perrault's reappointment was urged by the Republican organization of Idaho and by the interior department, but the nomination was prevented by the civil service commission, which filed charges involving Perrault's conduct of his office, which was alleged to be in violation of the civil service rules.

The Pace That Kills--



And the Pacemaker.

ENGLISH WAS NOTED PROSPECTORS IN LUCK FRANK RAMSEY OUSTED

Was Private Secretary to Queen Liliuokalani—Author of Famous Proclamation.

Colorado Springs, Colo., June 30.—Francis M. English, who was killed by the wrecking of a Colorado Midland train at Cascade yesterday, was born in England, and was a graduate of Oxford, where he was educated for the bar. He subsequently became a barrister in the English courts, and on the day of his death was on his way to Colorado to be admitted to the bar of this state. He was a private secretary to Queen Liliuokalani of the Hawaiian Islands, and was the author of the famous proclamation which he made to the American people just before she was deposed. Mr. English traveled extensively on the globe a number of times, spending a few years in New Zealand and islands of the southern sea. In his earlier life he was many times a millionaire. He was 54 years of age, and leaves a wife.

DAVIS IS CONFIRMED.

Last Act in Ogden Postoffice Fight.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, D. C., June 30.—The senate today confirmed the nomination of Thomas H. Davis as postmaster of Ogden, Utah.

Representative Sutherland today objected to the statement in the Washington special to The Herald to the effect that his action in the Heywood nomination had anything to do with the appointment. Sutherland says his relations with the administration are pleasant, as future developments will show. He declines to further discuss the Ogden postmaster until he returns to Utah.

FLYNN SPEAKS FOR STATEHOOD.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, June 30.—The senate committee on territories held a meeting this morning for the consideration of the statehood bill, at which Delegate Flynn of Oklahoma spoke in behalf of the omnibus measure, for the admission of Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona. The next meeting of the committee will be held during recess at Indianapolis, Ind. Time for the meeting has not been definitely fixed, but will be made to suit the convenience of the various members of the territories committee.

SENATE HAS CONFIRMED TWO WYOMING NOMINATIONS.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, June 30.—E. A. Slack of Cheyenne was today nominated and confirmed as receiver of public moneys for the Cheyenne land office and W. E. Chaplin of Laramie was confirmed as register.

PRESIDENT APPOINTS SLACK.

Washington, June 30.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Edward A. Slack, receiver of public moneys at Cheyenne, Wyo.

Navy.—To be assistant paymasters, with rank of ensign, Donald W. Nesbitt, Missouri; Arthur M. Pippin, New York; John S. Higgins, Massachusetts.

All the above nominations were confirmed shortly after being presented.

Rich Vein Struck in Thunder Mountain—Supposed Experts Fooled.

(Special to The Herald.)

Boise, Idaho, June 30.—There is considerable excitement in the Thunder mountain district over discoveries made near the head of Trap creek by two prospectors, Hedges and Lawson. They have a large vein of free gold ore, a lot of it has been sacked to be shipped out. It is white quartz, and is shot full of gold the size of a grain of wheat.

NEW JERSEY LAWS ARE INVITING TO TRUSTS

New York, June 29.—For the fiscal year ending today, New Jersey's state treasury will show a balance of \$2,638,292, which means nearly \$500,000 increase over that of last year. The large amounts received within the last month in taxes from the trusts, chartered in 1900 and 1901, make up this big increase. The taxes on the big corporations foot up considerably more than \$2,000,000 annually.

AMERICANS IN HAYTI ASK FOR PROTECTION.

Washington, June 30.—Acting Secretary of State Hill received a request by cable today from Consul Livingston at Haytien for an American warship to protect the American interests during the present revolutionary crisis in Hayti. Mr. Hill referred the request to Secretary Moody and it is understood that orders will be forwarded today for the gunboat Marietta, at San Juan, P. R., to proceed at once to the scene of the trouble. Consul Livingston made a record in the hunt last winter for the men who broke out of the federal prison on McNeill's island.

DEPUTY SHERIFF JOHNSON WILL SEARCH FOR CONVICTS.

Tacoma, Wash., June 30.—Deputy Sheriff J. C. F. Johnson and a party of four men left Tacoma early this morning and went to Rainier, thirty miles south of Tacoma, where they are co-operating with the officers of the neighboring counties in the hunt for the Oregon convicts.

BURGLARS LEFT DYNAMITE.

Wichita, Kan., June 30.—Sunday morning burglars entered the post-office at Leon and attempted to blow open the safe, but were frightened away. This morning when the postmaster went to open the safe a charge of dynamite left in it exploded and seriously injured him. It is also said that two others were injured, but details are very meager.

United States Marshal at Boise Denies Rumors of a Shortage.

(Special to The Herald.)

Boise, Idaho, June 30.—United States Marshal Frank C. Ramsey has been summarily dismissed from office. The reason for it is not known here. There are rumors of a shortage, but the marshal denies that there is any discrepancy, excepting a very trifling amount, arising from the holding of some small claims. Judge Beatty will tomorrow appoint a deputy to serve temporarily.

BAILEY AND BEVERIDGE IN A PUGILISTIC BOUT

Elkins Strongly Supports Resolution Providing for Annexation of Cuba by the United States.

Texas Senator Resorts to Force to Compel Indiana Statesman to Retract a Statement.

Washington, June 30.—Senator Bailey of Texas assaulted Senator Beveridge of Indiana tonight, just after the senate had adjourned for executive session. The Texas senator was dragged away and separated from his opponent by some of those about the senate. He was very angry, and threatened severe harm to the Indiana senator.

The episode was the result of a heated controversy which the two senators had during the afternoon, when Senator Beveridge had said that Senator Bailey had made an "unwarrantable attack" on Solicitor Penfield of the state department.

In executive session Senator Beveridge, like other senators who smoke, lighted a cigar and took a seat on the Republican side. He was still sitting there when the senate adjourned. Senator Bailey crossed the aisle and walked through the seats until he faced Senator Beveridge, and said:

"Beveridge, I don't want to have any trouble with you, but I want you to withdraw those words which charged me with making an unwarrantable attack on Penfield."

"I did not intend to insult you," replied Senator Beveridge, "and there is nothing in my language that you could consider offensive."

"I don't allow anyone to say that I libel a man, and that is what you do in making the charge. Now, if you won't withdraw the words, when I ask you, I'm going to make you withdraw them."

Senator Bailey had been getting more and more angry and excited as he talked. He had been sitting down part of the time, leaning on the desk in front of Senator Beveridge.

The latter, in reply to Senator Bailey's last remark, still remaining in his seat, said:

"I repeat that I did not intend to insult you, and that I have nothing to withdraw."

As the words were uttered Senator Bailey threw himself upon Senator Beveridge, who is a man hardly up to the average in physique, and seized him by the throat with both hands. The rush was so sudden and fierce that the chair in which Mr. Beveridge was sitting was pushed back against a desk, and the desk toppled over. Before the assault could go any further, senators who had been sitting near had moved up between the desk. Senator Hensbrough of North Dakota seized Senator Bailey by the arm, and Senator Spooner seized the other.

The Texas senator is a powerful man, and it was with great difficulty that the two senators were able to drag him away from Senator Beveridge, and when they succeeded a part of the Indiana senator's neckwear was ripped away in the vigorous grasp of Senator Bailey.

BAACON COMES TO THE RESCUE.

Senator Bacon of Georgia and Barney Layton, assistant doorkeeper, came quickly forward and assisted in pulling the Texas senator further away. Senator Bailey was struggling to get free and was lunging toward Senator Beveridge. As he was removed a little distance he was heard to utter something that sounded like a threat about killing him without effort. However, he walked away when Senator Bacon urged him to be quiet and led him toward the Democratic side. Senator Bacon engaged Senator Bailey for some time, advising him to cool down. Senator Spooner also went across the aisle and discussed the matter with the Texas senator, urging him to apologize, and, if possible, fix it up at once, but Senator Bailey refused all such proffers, declaring that Senator Beveridge had insulted him in the senate, and that he had taken the only course, as the Indiana senator had refused to withdraw his remarks.

Senator Beveridge remained in the chamber for some little time, and continued to smoke his cigar. He remarked to those who had spoken to him on the subject that it did not amount to anything. He did not intend to resign, and he was not going to leave the chamber. In fact, the whole thing was over in a very brief interval, before much resistance could have been offered.

Mr. Beveridge was asked tonight if he had any statement to make regarding the assault committed on him by Mr. Bailey. He expressed great regret over what had occurred and said he had no personal resentment over the matter. The conversation between them immediately before the trouble, Mr. Beveridge said, was substantially as that which had occurred in the senate chamber regarding the attack on Judge Penfield, who is an Indiana man, except that on his (Beveridge's) part, it was much milder in tone. Mr. Beveridge said that he was not excited, but remained cool and collected, and expressed to Mr. Bailey his wish that their relations might continue agreeable.

Mr. Beveridge denied that he had been choked by Mr. Bailey. According to his version, the Indiana senator had made a lunge at him, but his arm was caught by Senator Spooner before the threatened blow landed.

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Mr. Beveridge denied that he had been choked by Mr. Bailey. According to his version, the Indiana senator had made a lunge at him, but his arm was caught by Senator Spooner before the threatened blow landed.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Hot words passed between Mr. Bailey of Texas and Mr. Beveridge of Indiana on the floor of the senate today, and after adjournment were followed by a physical assault by the Texas senator on the senator from Indiana.

Early in the session Mr. Elkins of West Virginia delivered an earnest speech in favor of the annexation of Cuba, maintaining that it would be in the best interest of both countries. Mr. Elkins' remarks drew a sharp fire from Mr. Platt of Connecticut and Mr. Hanna of Ohio, who deprecated any annexation proposition at this time and urged that the United States ought to be sensible of its obligations to the civilized world, if not to Cuba.

After a lively colloquy, in which General Wood was criticized by inference for using Cuban funds to advance the reciprocity propaganda, Mr. Elkins' resolution for annexation was referred to the "unhappy relations" committee.

Among the many bills passed was one giving Rear Admiral Schley the pay and allowance of a rear admiral on the active list of the navy.

Ellis was passed to prohibit killing of seals, whales, fish or marine animals of any kind in the waters of the United States by means of explosive materials, and to authorize the director of census to compile statistics relating to irrigation.

The following bills were passed, among others: To pay to Rear Admiral Schley the pay and allowance of a rear admiral on the active list; appropriating \$10,000 for the erection of a statue of Commodore John D. Sloat in the city of Monterey, Cal.; for the allowance of certain war claims; and authorizing the adjustment of the rights of settlers on the Navajo Indian reservation, Arizona.

At 2:20 the senate went into executive session until 2:50 p. m.

The resolution offered several days ago by Mr. Bailey of Texas, calling on the secretary of state in the case of Beilenberg vs. Scott, including all communications sent to or received from the American ambassador to Mexico, was laid before the senate.

Bailey Scores Officials.

Mr. Bailey said he had encountered such delay in the refining of this information by the state department as had forced him to conclude that the officials of the department were either "grossly incompetent or shamefully indifferent to the rights of an American citizen in a foreign land."

Dr. Scott, an American citizen, had appealed to our ambassador to Mexico, who had advised him to leave Mexico. An appeal was made directly to the state department and the effort to get relief had been, Mr. Bailey said, in vain. Mr. Bailey declared that he had been unable to obtain the papers his resolution called for.

"If," he asserted, "one-half of what has been reported to me is true, then I will present papers to this senate which will compel the recall of the ambassador to Mexico and the retirement of the solicitor of the state department."

The Texas senator declared that the American ambassador to Mexico him-

PRESS CLUB GAME TODAY!

ALL-STAR BASEBALL.

Infant-Angels

vs.

Lobster-Farmers.

Pick of the Players in Utah League Line Up at Walker Field.

Best Game of the Season.

Critchlow will Umpire.

See Sporting Page.

Band concert at 3:30 p. m.

Game called at 4 sharp.